

Name _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 1) Which of the following is the point at which the trachea divides into the mainstem bronchi? 1) _____
A) Vallecula B) Hypopharynx
C) Carina D) Cricoid cartilage

- 2) In order to place a dual lumen airway, such as a CombiTube, the EMT must: 2) _____
A) Visualize the airway with direct laryngoscopy
B) Hyperextend the neck
C) Perform a tongue-jaw lift
D) Use a malleable stylette

- 3) Which of the following is an advantage of using a dual lumen airway device, such as a CombiTube? 3) _____
A) It will work even if it is placed in the esophagus
B) Its two lumens provide for greater delivery of oxygen than with an endotracheal tube
C) It cannot be inserted incorrectly
D) It is excellent for long-term ventilatory management

- 4) Assuming each of the following patients meets all other criteria for the insertion of a CombiTube, which is the only one who is a candidate for insertion of a CombiTube? 4) _____
A) A 42-year-old male with a history of massive upper gastrointestinal bleeding and cirrhosis of the liver
B) A 28-year-old male who has swallowed a lime and calcium deposit remover in a suicide attempt
C) A 14-year-old female victim of near drowning at a local swimming pool
D) A 32-year-old female who has overdosed on antidepressants and alcohol

- 5) You have been ordered by medical control to insert a dual lumen airway. Which of the following devices should you use? 5) _____
A) Laryngeal mask airway B) Endotracheal tube
C) CombiTube D) Nasopharyngeal airway

- 6) Which of the following indicates inadequate breathing in an adult? 6) _____
A) Use of accessory muscles B) Equal chest expansion
C) Breathing less than 20 times per minute D) Regular respiratory rhythm

- 7) Which of the following statements is true concerning pediatric airway and breathing? 7) _____
A) Airway management requires extreme hyperextension of the neck
B) The tongue is relatively smaller than an adult's
C) The diaphragm is used less than in an adult
D) Swelling can more easily occlude the airway

- 8) Which of the following structures is protected by the epiglottis? 8) _____
A) Esophagus B) Hypopharynx C) Trachea D) Vallecula

9) Which of the following situations might necessitate the use of an advanced airway?

A) Traumatic brain injury

B) Drug overdose

C) Pulmonary edema

D) All of the above

9) _____